

The Dispensation of Law pt1

I. Innocence

II. Conscience

III. Human Government

IV. Promise

V. Law

A. Content of the Law

1. Though Abraham and his descendants failed in living by God's promises to them, God regathered the Israelites from Egypt, and gave them a new ruling factor called the _____.
2. The Dispensation of Law began with the giving of the Law on _____ and extended to the death of Jesus Christ on the cross on _____.

B. New Revelation

1. God gave to _____ the Mosaic Law. (Ex. 19)
2. The Mosaic Law contained _____ aspects...
 - a. The _____ aspect refers to the 10 commandments and dealt with their relationship with God and between each other morally.
 - b. The _____ aspect dealt with their civil responsibilities to each other.
 - c. The _____ aspect dealt with their religious responsibilities and their approach to God.
3. Although there were 3 aspects to the Law, they were viewed as _____ unit. (Gal. 3:10; Jam. 2:10)

4. God warned Israel that they would either enjoy _____ for obedience or suffer _____ for disobedience (Deu 28).

C. New Responsibility/Ruling Factor/Test

1. During this dispensation, Israel was to live according to their conscience, the restraint of the Holy Spirit, the restraint of human government, the promises of God as well as the _____.
2. Israel had enthusiastically voiced their _____ to do all the law (Ex. 19:7-8; 24:3,7).

D. Failure

1. There was a multitude of failures such as...